Who Are We Serving: How Can We Think Smarter About Helping The People Involved in Behavioral Health-Related Encounters With Law Enforcement?

Prepared For:
Project ECHO
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How Do We Think Smarter About?

- How Do We Get The Right People To The Right Place?
- Ensuring That Encounters Are Safe For All Involved?
- How Key Risk Factors Are Tied To Effective Interventions?
- How To Better Provide People With Effective Resources?
- How Do We Handle Repeated Encounters With The Same People?
- What Are The Data Telling Us?
- The Data We Should Be Gathering?
- The Other Questions We Should Be Asking?

The Albuquerque Police Department's Crisis Intervention Team

A Report Card

By DEBORAH L. BOWER, M.S., M.A., and W. GENE PETTIT



"The intervention by CIT-trained officers in crisis situations is directly responsible for the decrease in police shootings. This has saved the lives of both citizens and police officers."

> -Albuquerque Police Chief Gerry Galvin

ike most large metropolitan police departments, the Albuquerque, New Mexico, Police Department (APD) faces the challenge of finding the most effective way to deal with individuals in crisis. These individuals often dem- tors associated with fatal police onstrate inadequate coping with shootings: 1) commission of a seristressful life events by endangering ous criminal offense; 2) use of alcothemselves or others and may be at hol or other drugs; 3) presence of a serious risk of injury or death. They mental disorder or irrational behavmay compound their problems with ior; 4) existence of actions that alcohol or other drugs, have a men- officers can misinterpret easily,

hands of police (victim-precipitated homicide or suicide by cop). Unwittingly, individuals in crisis may behave in ways that can result in a police shooting. Research on these incidents reveals five key factal illness, or intend to die at the such as pointing a toy gun; and

February 2001 / 1

Source: FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin, February 2001

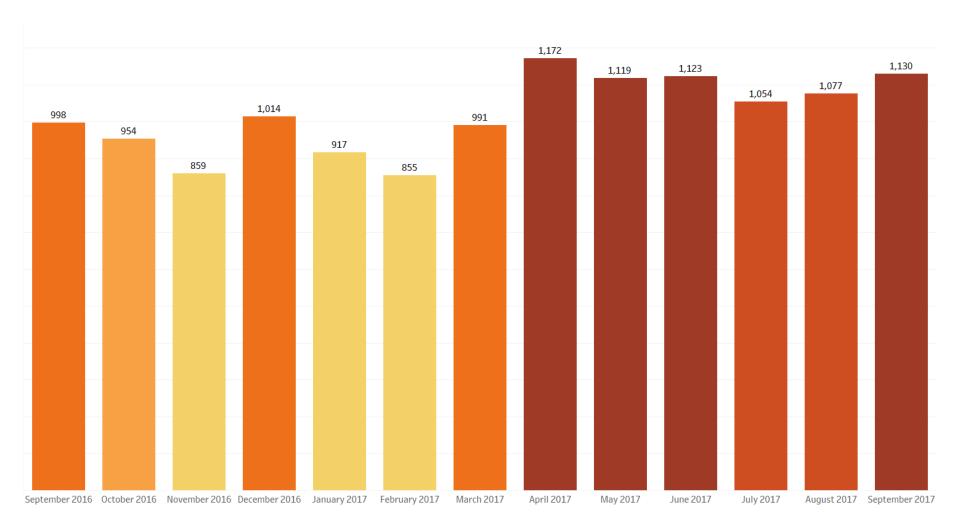
APD's **Crisis Intervention Unit**

CIT Data for 1999							
		Count	Percentage				
Total calls for CIT service		3,257					
Mental illness believed to be a factor		1,878	57.7				
Mental illness not b	elieved to be a factor	407	12.5				
Mental illness not e	valuated	972	29.8				
Sex	Female	1,366	41.9				
	Male	1,871	57.4				
	Unspecified	20	.7				
Suicide calls	Attempted	505	15.5				
	Threatened	948	29.1				
Threatened suicide by cop*		9	0.427				
Weapons involved		457	14.0				
Substance abuse	Alcohol	890	27.3				
	Other drugs	554	17.0				
njury to subject	Prior to police contact	426	13.1				
injury to subject	Result of police contact	38	1.2				
Subjects transported	ı						
Arrests/protective custody		298	9.1				
Mental health facilities		1,391	42.7				
		1,071	72.7				
Admission to menta	ll health facilities**	398	12.2				

^{**}Underestimate, officers leave facility prior to admission

The Challenges We Face Now

Combined, APD And BCSD Responded To 13,263 Priority 1 & 2 CIT-Related CAD Calls Between September 1, 2016 and September 30, 2017



Mobile crisis units debut



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The first of four mobile crisis teams – new, multi-agency teams to help people with mental illnesses where appropriate, instead of sending them into the criminal justice system – goes live today.

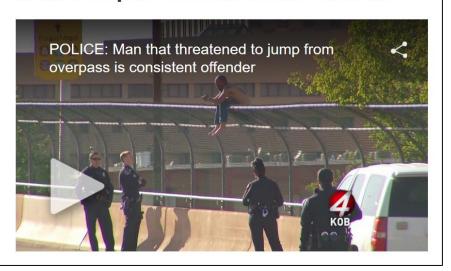
Teams will consist of a law enforcement officer and a social worker with a master's degree. Albuquerque police and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office will assign two officers to the beat.

The county has one mobile crisis team that will start responding to calls for service today, and the county's other team and two teams with Albuquerque police officers are finishing on-the-job training, BCSO Capt. Craig Sevier said.

The teams will take over calls for service involving people with mental illnesses when police determine there is no immediate threat of injury.

Such calls are common. Albuquerque police and the BCSO responded to more than 13,000 priority-one and -two calls involving people with a mental illness from Sept. 1, 2016, through Sept. 30, 2017, according to a report that Peter Winograd, a policy analyst, prepared for the county's behavioral health project coordinator.

Police: Man that threatened to jump from overpass is consistent offender

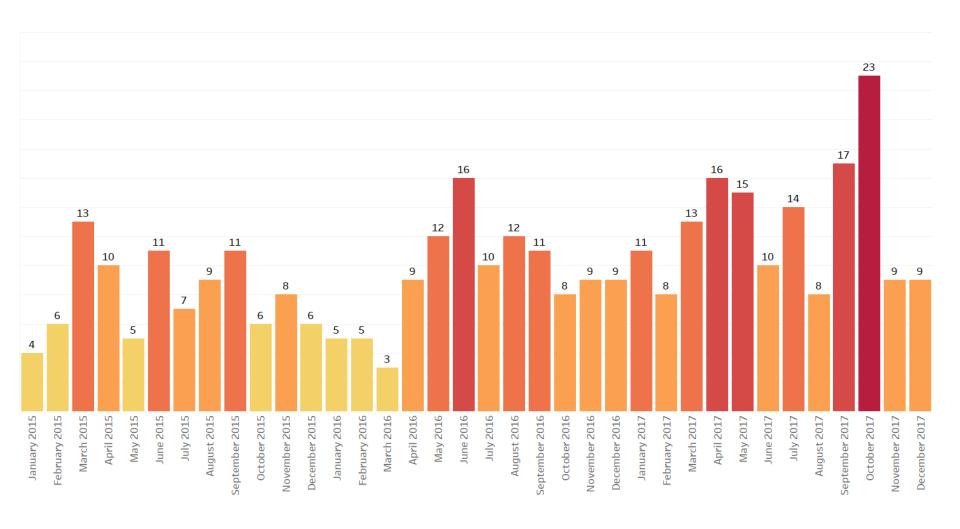


Individuals Who Threatened To Commit Suicide By Jumping Off Bridges Or Structure

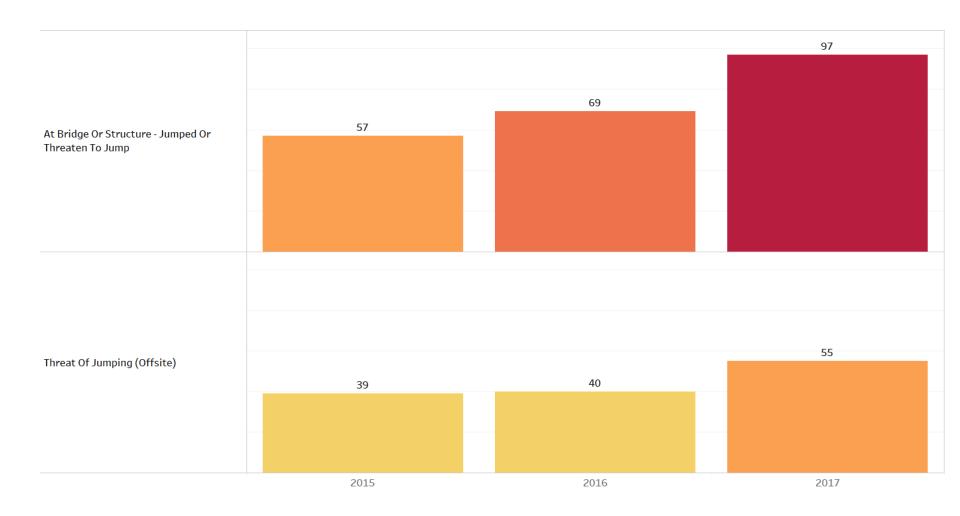




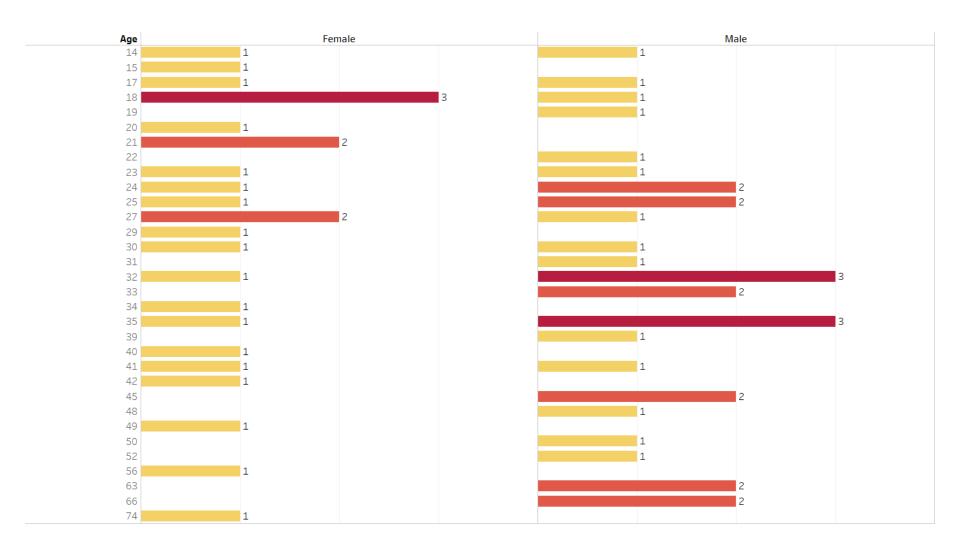
358 CAD's Involving Individuals Who Threatened To Commit Suicide By Jumping Off Bridges Or Structures From 2015 To 2017



The Location And Type Of Threat Of Individuals Who Threatened To Commit Suicide By Jumping Off Bridges Or Structures

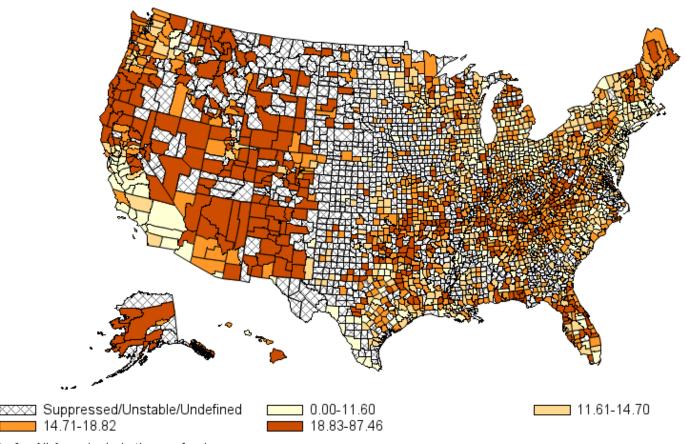


The Age and Gender Of Individuals Who Threatened To Commit Suicide By Jumping Off Bridges Or Structures From 2015 To 2017



2008-2014, United States Death Rates per 100,000 Population

All Injury, Suicide, All Races, All Ethnicities, Both Sexes, All Ages Annualized Crude Rate for United States: 12.63

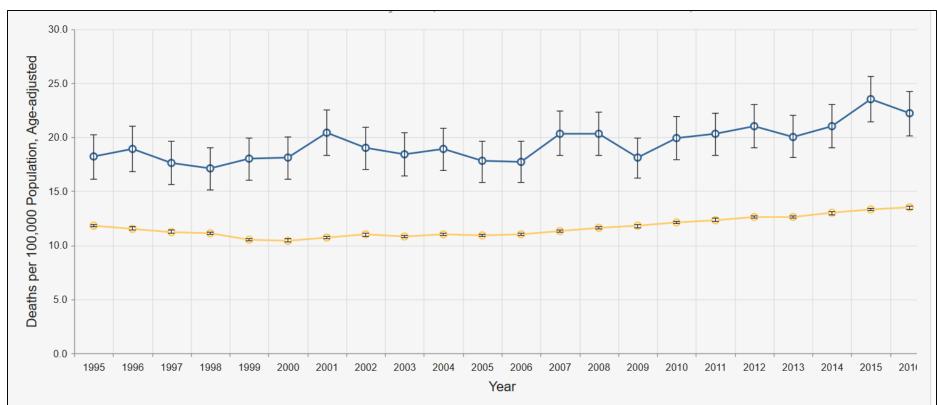


Reports for All Ages include those of unknown age.

Produced by: the Statistics, Programming & Economics Branch, National Center for Injury Prevention & Control, CDC Data Sources: NCHS National Vital Statistics System for numbers of deaths; US Census Bureau for population estimates.

^{*} Rates based on 20 or fewer deaths may be unstable. These rates are suppressed for counties (see legend above); such rates in the title have an asterisk.

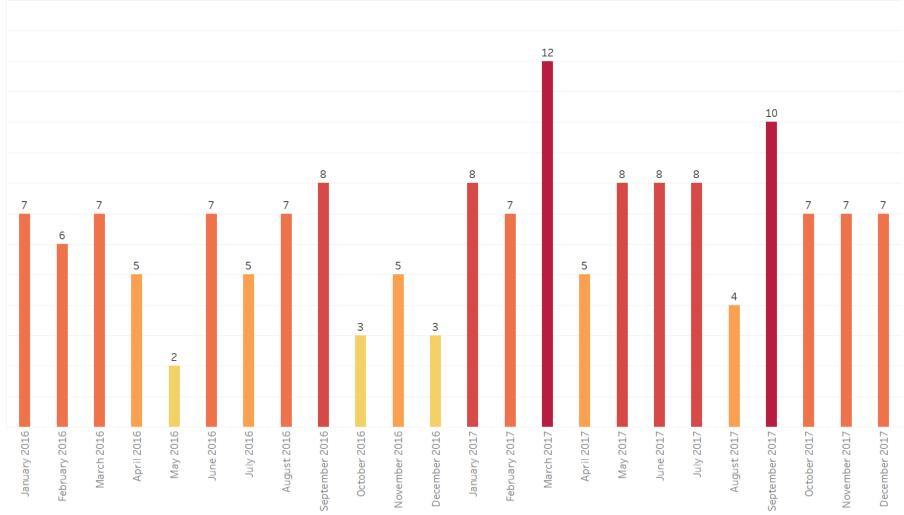
Suicide Deaths By Year, New Mexico And The United States 1995-2016



Since 1995, NM suicide rates have been consistently 1.5 times higher than national rates. Since 2006, suicide deaths increased in NM by about 25% compared to a 23% increase in the U.S.

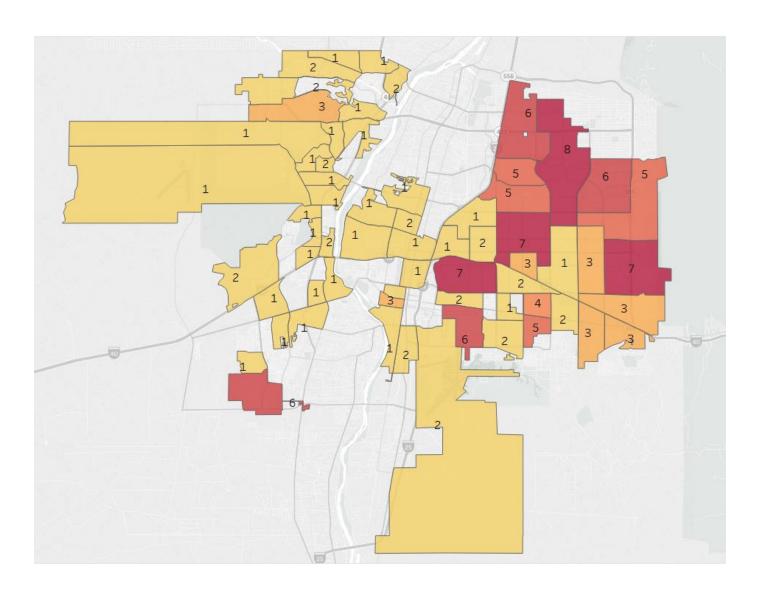
Source: https://ibis.health.state.nm.us/indicator/view/SuicDeath.Year.NM US.html

The 156 Cases Of Suicide By Month And Year



The data used in this analyses includes 156 cases of completed suicide that occurred between January 2016 and December of 2017. APD officers responded to these incidents and completed State Of New Mexico Uniform Incident Reports.

The 156 Cases Of Suicide By Location





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SAMHSA and VA Announce Cities Participating in the Mayor's Challenge to Prevent Suicide Among Service Members, Veterans, and their Families

Tuesday, February 20, 2018

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) are proud to announce the cities that will participate in the first group for the Mayor's Challenge to Prevent Suicide Among Service Members, Veterans, and their Families. Albuquerque, N.M.; Billings, Mont.; Richmond, Va.; Helena, Mont.; Houston; Las Vegas; Los Angeles and Phoenix will form interagency teams to increase suicide prevention support for veterans in their communities. SAMHSA and VA identified these cities based on veteran population data, suicide prevalence rates and capacity of the cities to lead the way in this first year of the Mayor's Challenge.

The goal of the Mayor's Challenge is to reduce suicides among service members, veterans and their families using a public health approach to suicide prevention. The eight city teams will meet in Washington March 14-16, 2018 to develop strategic action plans to for their communities. The teams will contain members from community groups. local government, military and others. SAMHSA's Service Members, Veterans, and their Families Technical Assistance Center will provide technical assistance to the teams.

SAMHSA and VA are committed to working with communities to bring this support to service members, veterans and their families. Along with the eight cities participating in this year's Mayor's Challenge, VA has committed resources to support technical assistance for an additional 20 locales.

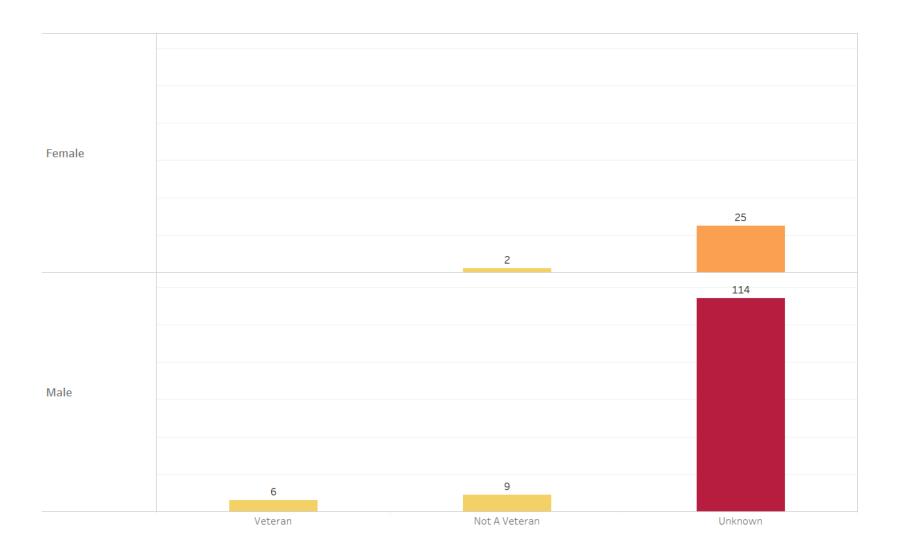
Others interested in learning more about the Mayor's Challenge can submit a request for information form at http://bit.do/mayorschallenger. For more information on VA's suicide prevention campaign, visit http://www.veteranscrisisline.net/bethere &. For information on SAMHSA's suicide prevention efforts, visit https://www.samhsa.gov/suicide-prevention/samhsas-efforts.

Veterans who are in crisis or having thoughts of suicide – and those who know a veteran in crisis – can call the Veterans Crisis Line for confidential support 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year. Call 800-273-8255 and press 1, or chat online at VeteransCrisisLine.net/Chat . or text to 838255.

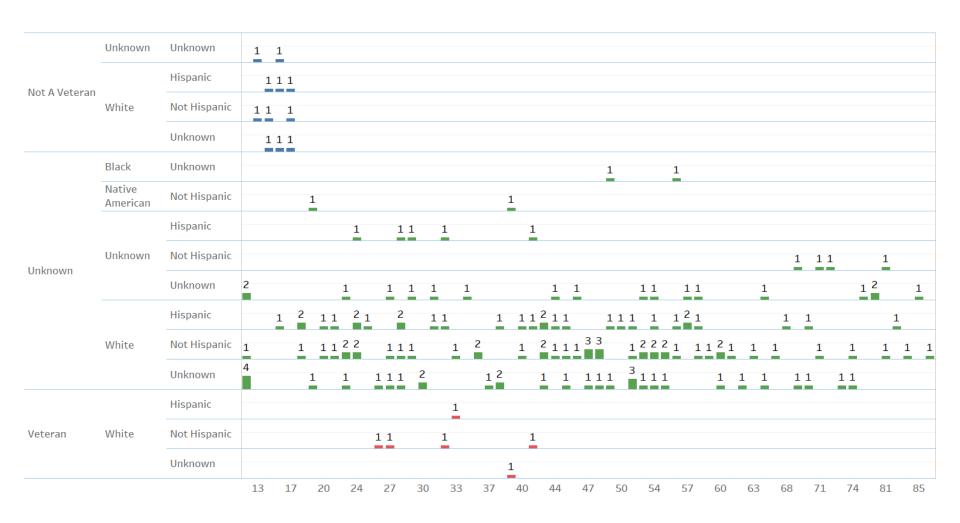
For more information, contact the SAMHSA Press Office at 240-276-2130.

Preventing Suicide Among Veterans

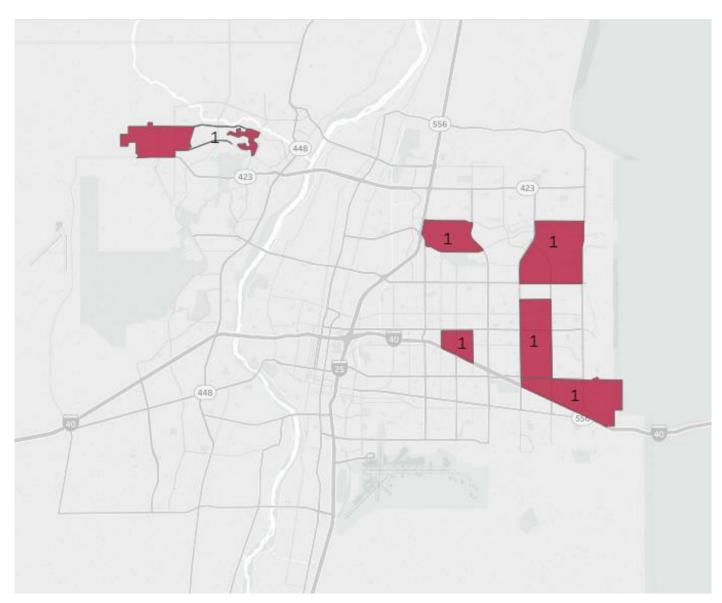
The 156 Cases Of Suicide By Veteran Status And Gender



The 156 Cases Of Suicide By Veteran Status, Age, Race And Ethnicity



The 6 Cases Of Veteran Suicide By Location



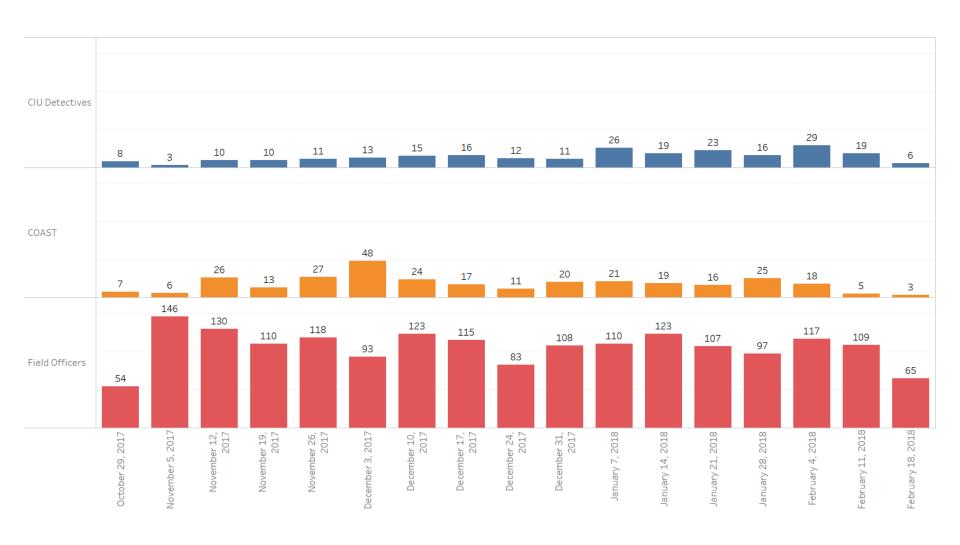
C.I.T. WORKSHEET CAD Number: Agency: APD Date of Incident: Case Number: Area: SOUTHWEST Beat: 134 Officer's Shift: SWING Officer: Did a Supervisor Respond to the Scene: NO If yes, please fill out the Supervisor Name and ID # below. Supervisor Name: Did a Specialized Unit Respond: YES/NO Did an E.C.I.T. Officer show up on scene? NO If yes, please fill out the E.C.I.T. Officer Name and ID # below. E.C.I.T. Officer Name: Did a C.I.U. Detective/COAST show up on scene? NO If yes, please fill out the C.I.U. Detective Name and ID # below. C.I.U. Detective/COAST Name: Subject Homeless: NO Subject's Name: ABQ NM Subject's Address: 87121 CITY STATE ZIP CODE Subject's Description: BROWN - BRO BRO EYE COLOR HAIR COLOR Reason for Contact: CALL FOR SERVICE Other Reason Contacted: FRIEND REQUESTED WELFARE CHECK Welfare Check? YES Was Subject Armed? NO Type Of Weapon: Was Subject Arrested? NO Arrested For? Substance Use: OTHER (CLICK ON OTHER TAB) Other Type Of Substance Use: GIN Was There A Mental Health Transport? YES Mental Health Transport To Where? Transported By Who? Self-Disclosed Mental Illness: YES If "Yes", Then select the type of Mental Illness: ADHD, OTHER (DESCRIBE IN "NOTES" BE Notes for Self-Disclosed Mental Illness (If Any) **ASPERGERS** Does the Subject claim to be a U.S. Military Veteran? NO If "Yes", Enter the Military Branch: Veteran Notes (If Any) Risk Assessment: NONE If Subject attempted suicide, did subject die as a result? Explain Risk Assessment(s) (If Any) DET Report Written? YES Person Code Use of Force: NO Disposition of Encounter: INVOLUNTARY MENTAL HEALTH TRANSPORT NONE Resources Provided: Other Resources Provided:

Tracs CIT Worksheet

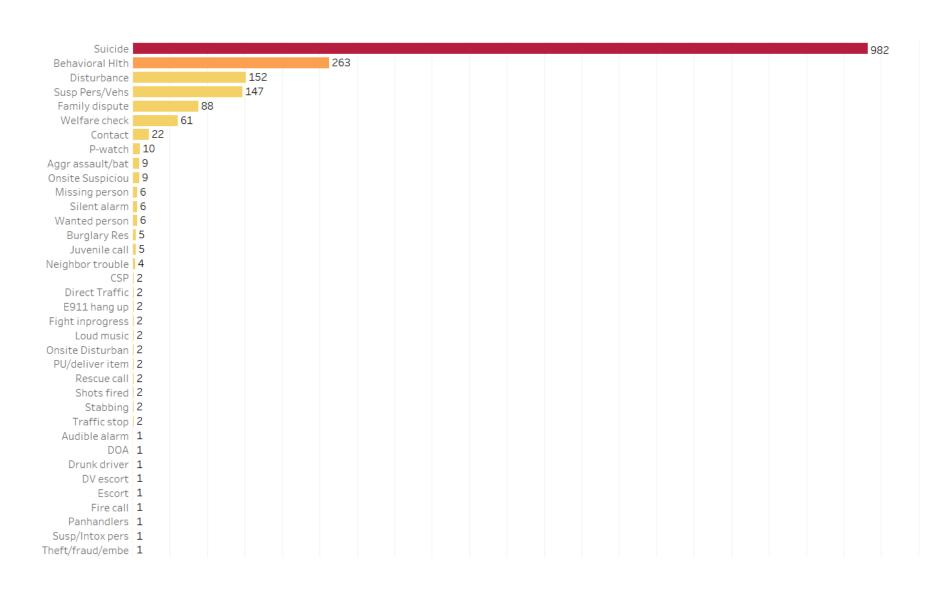
Please Give A Brief Narrative About The Encounter With The Subject ON THIS DATE AND TIME APD RECEIVED A CALL FROM WHO REQUESTED A WELFARE CHECK ON HIS CONCERNED THAT WAS DEPRESSED AND INTOXICATED. UPON ARRIVAL OFFICERS WERE CONTACTED BY MOTHER MAVIS WHO WAS SITTING OUTSIDE IN HER VEHICLE, EXPLAINED THAT WAS INSIDE INTOXICATED SO SHE EXITED THE HOME TO AVOID HIM. INVITED OFFICERS INSIDE WERE WE MET IN THE FAMILY ROOM. QUICKLY COMPLAINED ABOUT HIS FRIEND CALLING APD BUT HE SAID IT WAS FOR THE BEST BECAUSE HE WAS THINKING ABOUT HANGING HIMSELF. SAID THAT HE SUFFERS FROM ASPERGERS SYNDROME AND ADM. ADMITTED MIXING GIN WITH HIS MEDICATION. RELUCTANTLY AGREED TO GO WITH ALBUQUERQUE AMBULANCE TO UNMHC FOR A EVALUATION. MY VIDEO WAS DOWNLOADED. A CIT WORKSHEET WAS COMPLETED.

Tracs CIT Worksheet

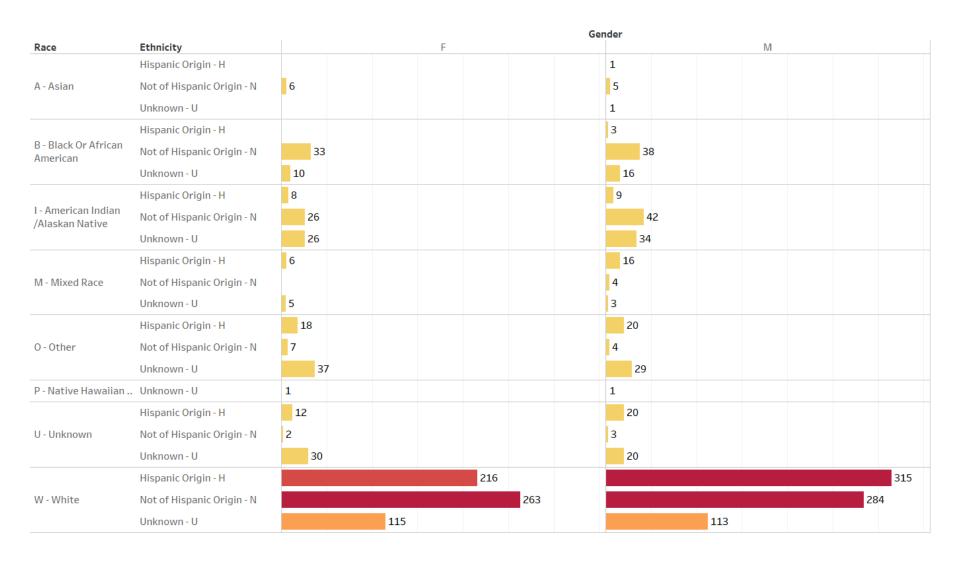
2,360 BH-Related TRACs Worksheets Completed Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



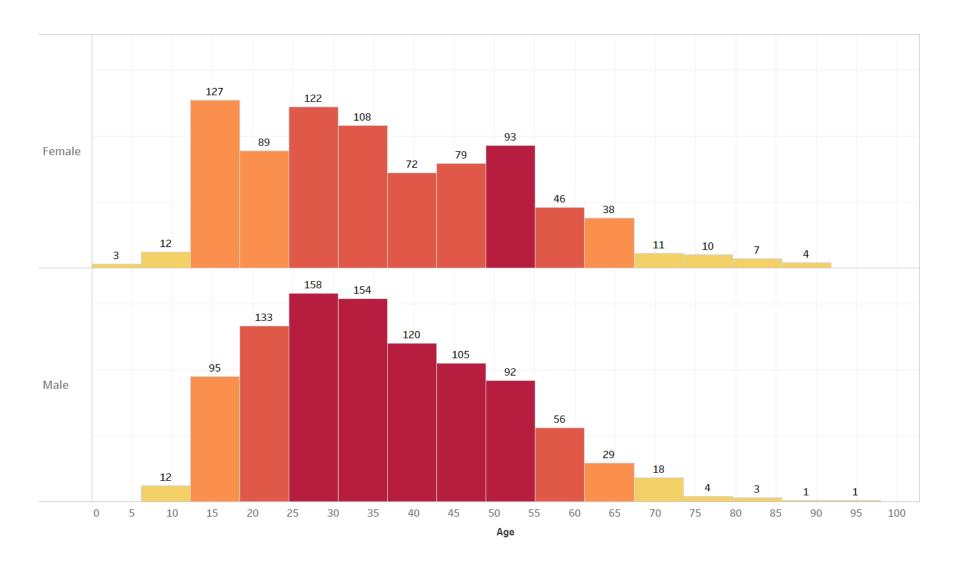
BH-Related CADs Reported On The TRACs Worksheet By Type of Incident Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



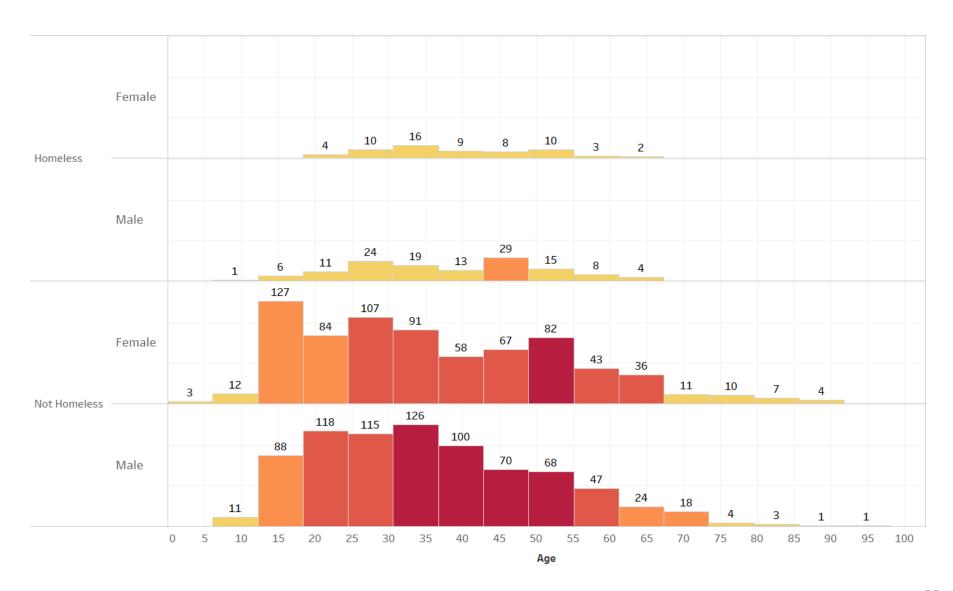
The Race, Ethnicity And Gender Of The People Involved In BH-Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



The Age And Gender Of The People Involved In BH-Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



The Homeless Status, Age And Gender Of The People Involved In BH–Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



Homeless Victims Comprised A High Percentage Of The 75 Murders In Albuquerque In 2017





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More than a dozen of this year's 72 murder victims in Albuquerque were reportedly homeless when they were killed – living on the streets, in motels or in other unstable situations around the city.

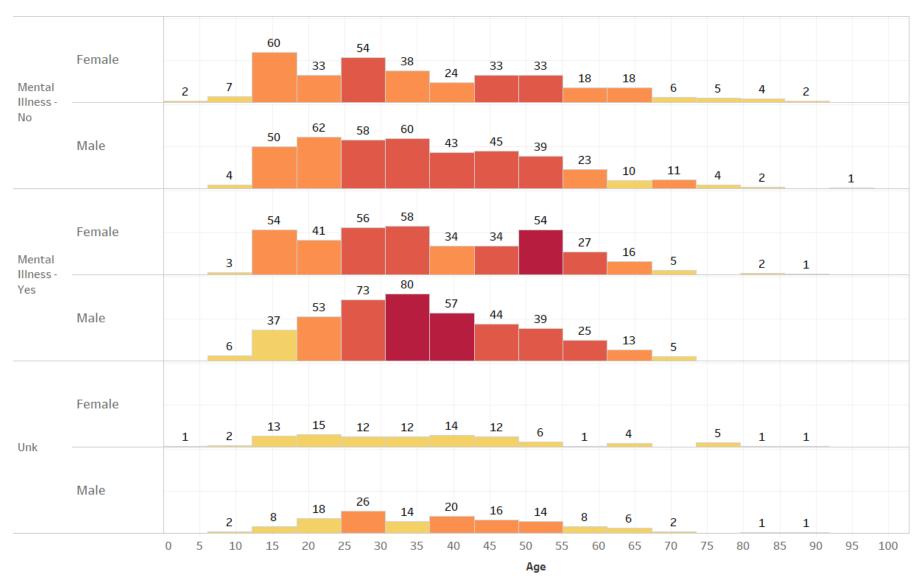
Sgt. Elizabeth Thomson with the Albuquerque Police Department, said the total of 14 makes up a slightly higher percentage than in 2016, when 11 of the 61 murder victims were homeless.

However, she said, detectives are investigating whether one person, or a group of people, killed three of the 2017 victims, men who were found stabbed to death and in similar positions earlier this year.

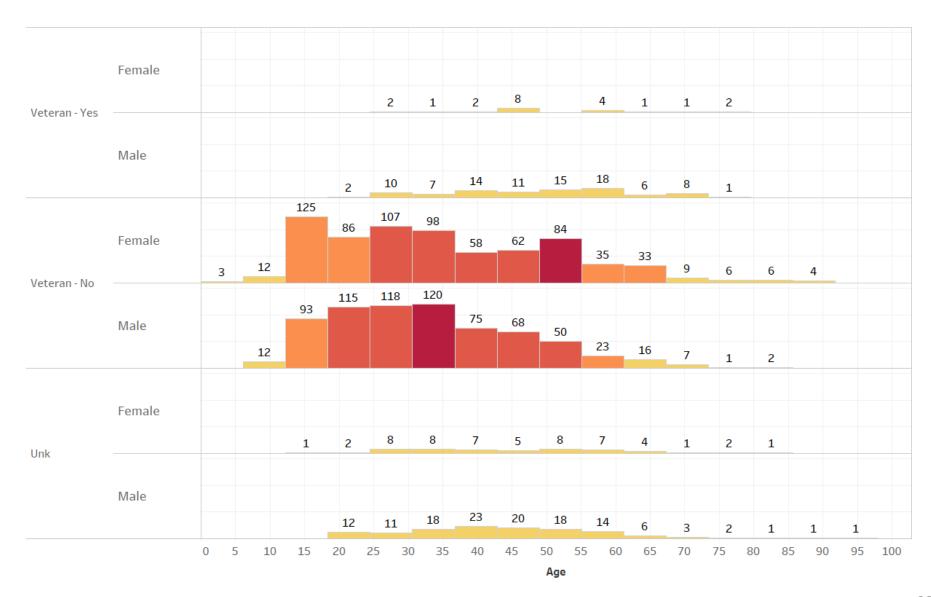
She said the other 11 homicides don't appear to be related.

"We always have a number of people who were homeless who are included in our number of people who were murdered," Thomson said. "They are definitely victimized at a higher rate than the general population."

The Self-Disclosed Mental Illness Status, Age And Gender Of The People Involved In BH–Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018



The Veteran Status, Age And Gender Of The People Involved In BH–Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018

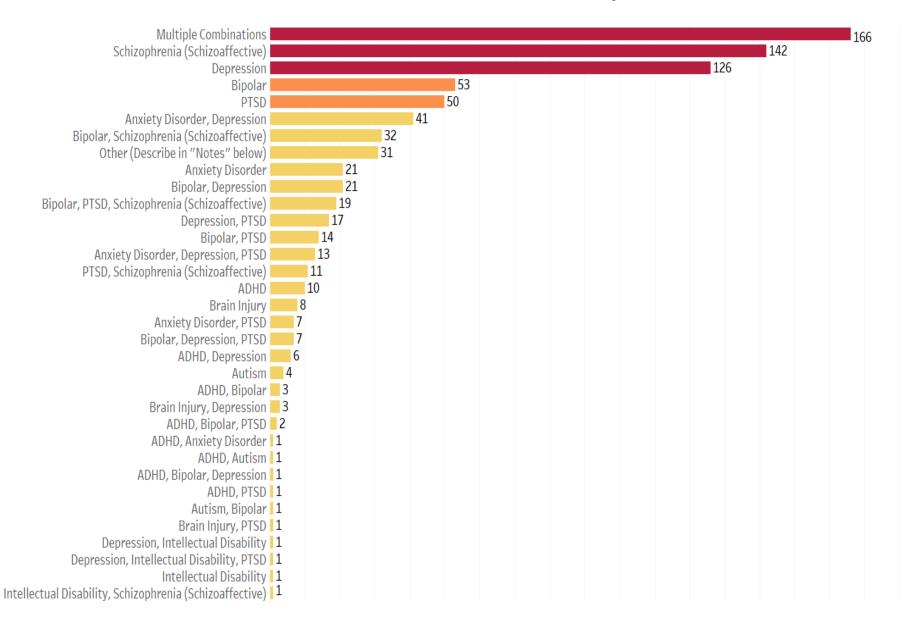


The APD CIT Worksheet Includes The Following Question And Possible Answers

Self-Described Mental Illness

- ADHD
- Anxiety Disorder
- Autism
- Bipolar
- Brain Injury
- Depression
- Intellectual Disability
- Other (Describe in "Notes" Below)
- PTSD
- Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)

How Do We Make Useful Sense Of The Responses?

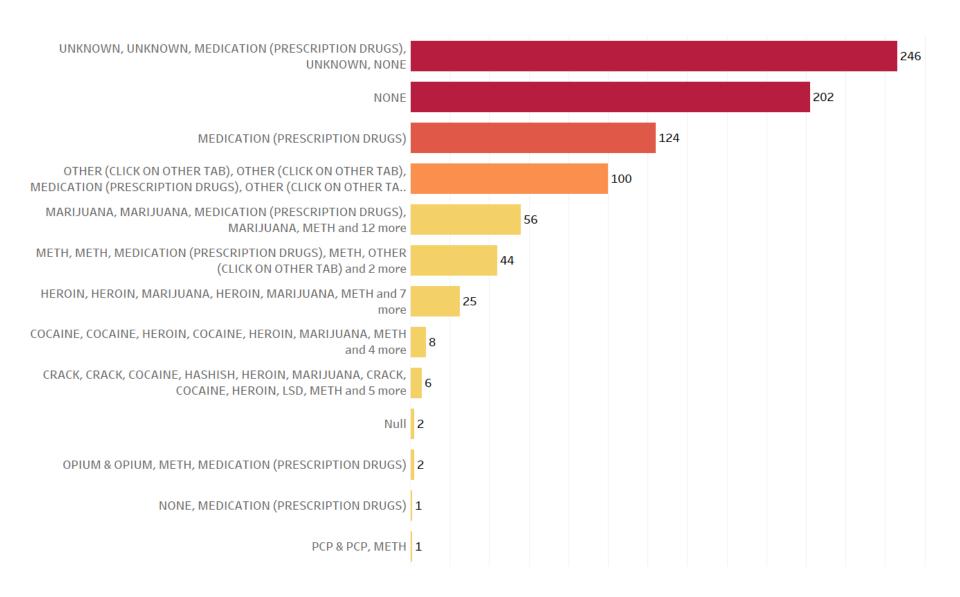


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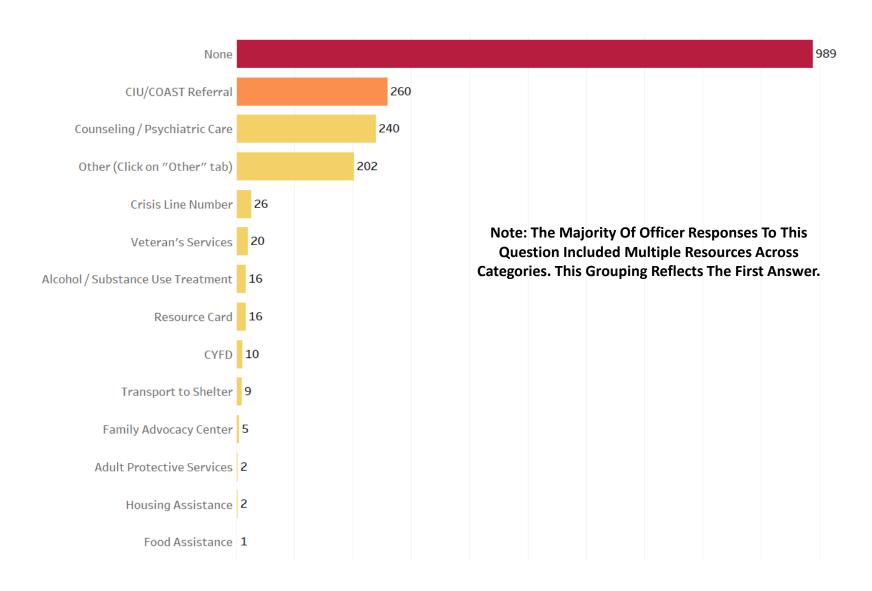
Substance Used

- Cocaine
- Crack
- Heroin
- LSD
- Marijuana
- Medication (Prescription Drugs)
- Meth
- Opium
- Other Depressants
- Other Narcotics
- Other Hallucinogens
- Other Stimulants
- PCP
- Unknown

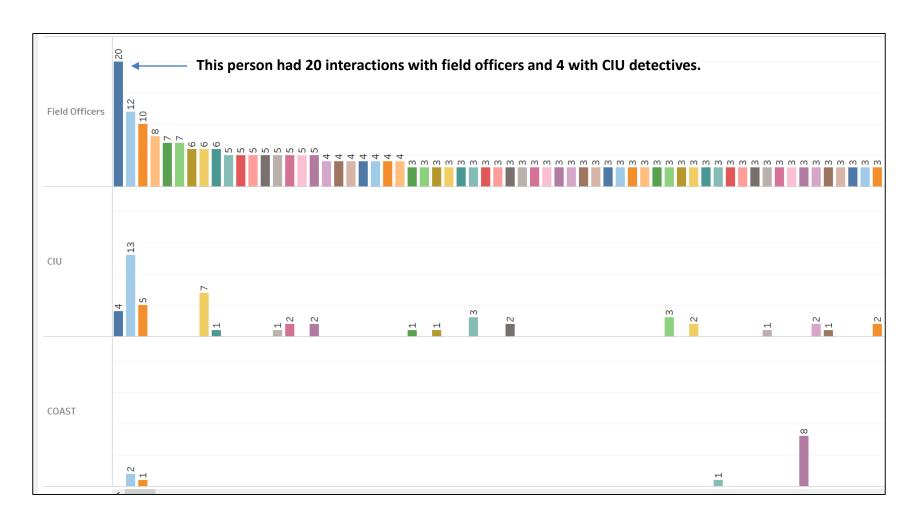
How Do We Make Useful Sense Of The Responses?



The Resources Provided To People During The BH–Related CADs With Field Officers Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018

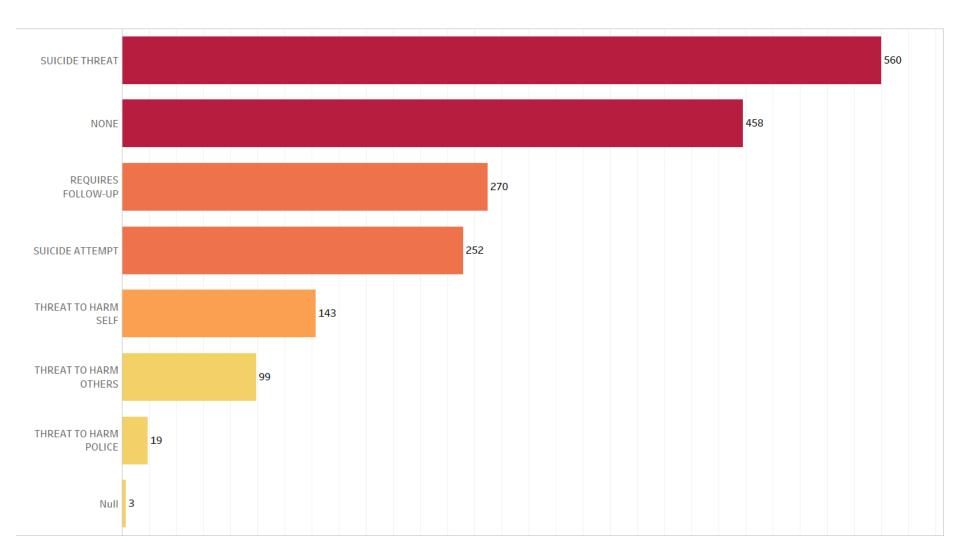


How Do We Think Smarter About Risk Factors?

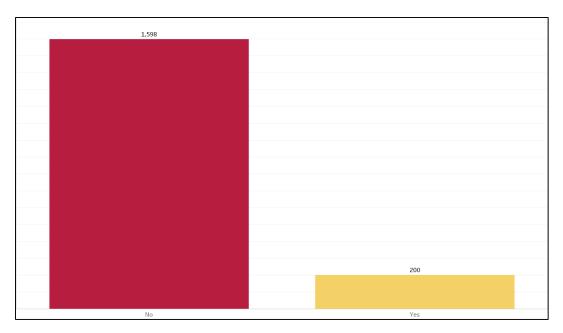


Repeated Contacts With APD Between November 1, 2017 And February 22, 2018

How Do We Think Smarter About Risk Factors?



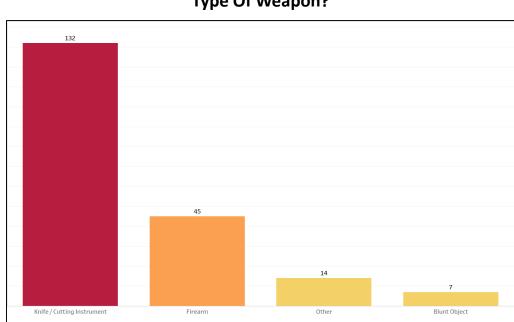
Type Of Risk Recorded By Field Officers



How Do We Think Smarter About Risk Factors?

Was Subject Armed?

Type Of Weapon?



How Do We Think Smarter About Risk Factors? A Hypothetical Analysis

Encount						
ers	Sex	Substance Use	Self Reported Mental Illnesses	Risk	Subject Armed	Weapons (group)
7	F	METH	Bipolar, Brain Injury, PTSD, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	REQUIRES FOLLOW-UP	Yes	Blunt Object
			Bipolar, Depression, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	F	HEROIN	Depression	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Firearm
1	M	UNKNOWN	Depression	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Firearm
2	M	METH	Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Firearm
1	F	UNKNOWN	Bipolar, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	REQUIRES FOLLOW-UP	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
26	F	UNKNOWN	Other (Describe in "Notes" below)	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
6	F	UNKNOWN	Bipolar, PTSD, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	M	COCAINE, HEROIN, MARIJUANA	Bipolar, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective), Other (Describe in "	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	F	METH	Depression	NONE	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	M	HEROIN	Bipolar, PTSD, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	NONE	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	HEROIN	Bipolar	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	M	UNKNOWN	Other (Describe in "Notes" below)	THREAT TO HARM SELF	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	F	HEROIN	Bipolar	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	METH, OTHER (CLICK ON OTHE	Bipolar	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
8	M	UNKNOWN	Brain Injury	REQUIRES FOLLOW-UP	Yes	Other
2	M	UNKNOWN	Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	SUICIDE ATTEMPT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	UNKNOWN	Other (Describe in "Notes" below)	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	METH, OTHER DEPRESSANTS	PTSD	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	M	UNKNOWN	Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Other
2	F	METH	Depression	SUICIDE ATTEMPT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
1	F	HEROIN	PTSD, Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective), Other (Describe in "N	REQUIRES FOLLOW-UP	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
4	M	UNKNOWN	Depression	THREAT TO HARM SELF	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	METH	Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	SUICIDE THREAT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument
2	M	UNKNOWN	Schizophrenia (Schizoaffective)	THREAT TO HARM OTHERS	Yes	Unarmed
4	M	UNKNOWN	Depression	SUICIDE ATTEMPT	Yes	Knife / Cutting Instrument

What Factors Do We Use To Triage Through Thousands Of Reports And Get The Right Response To The Right Individuals?

How Do We Think Smarter About?

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